FEDERAL RESERVE FUND and FEDERAL RESTRICTED ACCOUNTMarch 2003 Baseline								[SEE NOTES]					
	(by federal fiscal year, in millions of dollars)												
	Actual Preliminary												
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Fund Reserve Balance (BOY)	(2,296)	(2,391)	(1,200)	(1,047)	(875)	(666)	(618)	(694)	(751)	(785)	(796)	(783)	(740)
Fund Income Fund Expenses Net Federal Outlays	(3,593) 3,498 (95)	(3,004) 3,195 <u>191</u>	(3,885) 4,038 <u>153</u>	(4,276) <u>4,448</u> <u>172</u>	(4,600) <u>4,809</u> <u>209</u>	(5,065) <u>5,113</u> <u>48</u>	(5,485) <u>5,408</u> <u>(77)</u>	(5,742) <u>5,686</u> <u>(56)</u>	(5,984) 5,950 (35)	(6,219) 6,208 (11)	(6,437) 6,451 <u>14</u>	(6,644) <u>6,687</u> <u>43</u>	(6,767) 6,925 <u>158</u>
Fund Reserve Balance (EOY)	(2,391)	(1,200)	(1,047)	(875)	(666)	(618)	(694)	(751)	(785)	(796)	(783)	(740)	(582)
Required Reserve Fund Level	(337)	(367)	(400)	(434)	(467)	(498)	(529)	(560)	(590)	(619)	(648)	(675)	(702)

Note. 1 For the purposes of federal budgeting, fund income is shown as a negative federal outlay and fund expenses as a positive federal outlay. Thus, net federal outlays (net income) that are negative would indicate that the federal government's income is greater than their expenses and that the federal government's surplus is increased (or the deficit reduced.) On the other hand, net federal outlays (net income) that are positive indicate that the federal government's income is less than their expenses and that the federal government's surplus is decreased (or the deficit increased).

Note. 2 The transfers to the general treasury of \$1,085 million in 2002, \$82.5 million in both 2006 and 2007 are "non-cash" transactions. All of these transactions have been expensed as October 2002. Thus, the fund reserve balances EOY 2002 reflect the fact that these transactions have occurred.